

## $\square$ Boundaryline

## Install Guide SLEEKWALL Slat

## Introduction

Thank you for choosing Boundaryline SleekWall Slat Fencing. This product will provide you with many years of trouble free protection if installed in accordance with the directions outlined in this document.

The recommendations detailed in this guide are formulated along the lines of good building practice. They are not intended to be an exhaustive statement of all the relevant data.

If you have any questions, please contact our Technical Team on 0800003 006. We are always happy to help in any way we can.

## Before you start, read this

This guide does not apply to any fences over 1.8 m in height. If your fence is greater that 1.8 m , please seek further advice from Boundaryline.

ㅁ Describe your site details when ordering materials.

- Identify your soil type/ground conditions. Refer to the table in Step 2. This will determine the concrete and footing details required
- Make sure you are aware of underground services before you start digging! These could be gas, electricity, or water mains. Call your local council for more information.
- Check your local council regulations on boundary fencing.
- Check the delivered material for the correct number of components and general condition before beginning your installation.

Make sure you choose the right tools before you start your fence

## Tools

Tape measureSpadeShovelLevelString lineConcreteDrillIt is recommended that the reader pays particular attention to those items identified as IMPORTANT in this manual to ensure satisfactory long-term performance.
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## Connonents List

Required for this product
These items below are not included but one type of post and cap are required for installation.


Channel ends caps, left \& right


Aluminium post cap

## $\square$

Centre support channel - for 2400 mm wide panels only

## Conversion kit components

For changing the orientation of your fence

$100 \times 16 \times 1780 \mathrm{~mm}$ slat x 1


Tek screws


## Post Installation

## Step 1 | Lay out your fence line

A. Accurately determine \& mark any legal boundaries and/or underground services (a surveyor may be required)
B. Measure out each fence line \& mark the post positions Determine post centres as follows:

| Slat length + Clearance + Post size $=$ Post centre |
| :--- |
| E.g. $1780 \mathrm{~mm}+20 \mathrm{~mm}+65 \mathrm{~mm}=1865 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| E.g. $2380 \mathrm{~mm}+20 \mathrm{~mm}+65 \mathrm{~mm}=2465 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

C. If the fence line length does not work out as multiples of the standard slat length, adjust the length of the last section, or the last few sections, to suit \& cut slats to fit
D. Use a string line or laser level to make sure any straight lines are aligned

## Step 2 | Marking out and digging post holes

Determine your post hole centres using the table below as a guide and mark out your post hole positions on the ground with line marking paint

Required post-hole depth into firm earth or clay

| Wall Height | Post hole depth |
| :--- | :--- |
| 900 mm | 450 mm |
| 1200 mm | 550 mm |
| 1500 mm | 600 mm |
| 1800 mm | 600 mm |

## Notes:

For higher walls, you will need engineering advice beyond the scope of this publication.
The diameter of your holes should be large enough to have a minimum of 75 mm clearance around the post.
Please note that 1800 mm is the standard height. Heights lower than 1800 mm can be done using these components, with wastage.
When using the vertical conversion kit, post centre may differ depending on desired outcome.

Recommended footing depths listed in this table are for wind regions A \& B, plus terrain categories 2.0, 2.5 \& 3. If you are building your fence in a cyclonic wind area, on top of a hill, adjacent to an escarpent, on a ridge or in terrain category 1 , you will need engineering advice beyond the scope of this publication

Marking out your post holes


Boundary line
Position the boundary line at
half the depth of the post

| Slat length | 65x65mm post hole centres | In-between post measurements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1780 mm slat | 1865 mm | 1800 mm |
| 2380 mm slat | 2465 mm | 2400 mm |

## Standard 'post centre to post centre' guide

The table above allows you to work out what your post centres will be. If you have 2380 mm slat [allowing for 10 mm either side of the channel] and you are using $65 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ posts, then you will have an 2465 mm post centre to post centre

This also shows the in-between measurements, should you be fitting your slats between posts other than a $65 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ profile, i.e, timber posts or concrete blocks

## Installing In-ground Posts

## Step 3a | Installing the posts - In-ground

A. Place the post into the hole and set the height carefully using a tape measure or, preferably, a laser level

CAUTION: Ensure you allow enough height on the post to allow for slat height + ground clearance (suggest 50$100 \mathrm{~mm})+$ additional 10 mm clearance for the external cap.
B. Fill the hole with concrete around the post, taking care to keep the slat channel height in the correct position
C. Check with a spirit level regularly to ensure the post is plumb
D. Ensure the post remains square to the fence line \& does not turn as you lace concrete around it
E. Repeat steps $\mathbf{A}$ to $\mathbf{D}$ for all posts
F. Set the spacing of the posts at the length of the slats, plus approximately 5 mm clearance (as per step one)

TIP: cut a spacer stick out of timber at the correct length between posts. The panel brackets are 30 mm deep - this allows for some adjustment if required (except where a PS1 is required)

In-ground post
FAP6519 $65 \times 65 \times 1900 \mathrm{~mm}$
FAP6522 $65 \times 65 \times 2200 \mathrm{~mm}$
FAP6525 $65 \times 65 \times 2500 \mathrm{~mm}$
FAP1025 100X100×2500mm
SHS Aluminium $65 \times 65 \times 2.0$
Post sizes are dependent on the application \& design requirements

Posts to be installed in 'good ground' as defined by NZS3604


ㅁ For standard $65 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ (and smaller) aluminium posts, a fairly dry concrete mix can be used which will hold the post in place without any bracing while the concrete dries. However, the site must be revisited before the concrete sets firm to recheck post alignment if required

- Any heavier posts, (e.g. gate posts), should be concreted in place and braced until the concrete is dry
- If the fence line follows any contours in the land or the fence line is curved, regularly check the height of the posts as you work down the line to ensure a good visual line along the top of the fence
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## Installing Bolt Down Posts

## Step 3b | Installing the posts - Bolt down

A. Ensure the surface you are bolting the post to is firm, level \& clean
B. Fix the posts in place with four fixings of the correct type for the situation

Bolt down post
FAF6513
$65 \times 65 \times 1300 \mathrm{~mm}$
FAF6519
65x65x1900mm
Post sizes \& fixings are dependent on the application \& design requirements


## Fixings - indicative

In concrete: 4x M12 HILTI HST stud anchors or similar with minimum 70 mm embedment
In timber: $4 \times 12 \mathrm{~mm}$ coachscrews with minimum 120 mm embedment


## Note:

When fixing a flanged post to the top of a block wall, we recommend a minimum width wall of 200 mm minimum to eliminate the risk of concrete 'blow-out'.

## Slat channel installation

## Step 4 | Fitting slat channels

If your channels are not the desired length then these will need to be cut, ideally, with a dropsaw to obtain a clean cut without heating the aluminium to a point that it burns the powdercoating.

With the use of a tape measure, string line/chalk line, or if you have access to a laser level, you can mark the heights of the top of your slat channel on your posts.

Note: if your site has sloping ground it may be required to step your fence from bay to bay. Once a height has been established for all of your channels, with the tek screws supplied, screw your channel directly to your post whilst keeping the top of your channel at the marks you have made on your post

Your screws should be approximately 300-400mm apart down the length of your channel.


## Note:

Make sure the post is elevated 10 mm higher than the channel to allow for a post cap.
The slat channel is asymmetrical.
To ensure your fence aesthetically looks correct, make sure the 'screw port side' is all facing the same direction (generally on the inside of your property looks best).
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## Slat installation

## Step 5 | Fitting slats

## See vertical conversion guide on pg 10 to change the orientation of your fence

Depending on the height of your slat wall and the number of slats you have, these factors will determine the slat spacings required for your fence. Typically with the full use of this fence, the $100 \mathrm{~mm} \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}$ slat we would work on 1 slat per 118 mm , thus giving you a 18 mm gap between each slat.

If you are doing a lower height than 1800 mm or using custom spacings, you will need to divide the height of your wall into the number of slats you have to obtain the spacings for each slat.
E.g. 1500 mm high wall with 12 slats $=125 \mathrm{~mm}$ spacings ( 25 mm between each slat)

When using 2400 mm slats, you will need to fix the centre support channel in the centre to provide extra rigidity. It is recommended to do this on the screw port side of the channel. This channel is 30 mm wide and 10 mm deep with its own cover to hide the fixings.

Two methods can be used to set your slats out.

- The first is to use the spacer provided which is fixed at 18 mm and clips into the channel between each slat and fix each slat individually through the side of the slat channel every 118 mm .
- The second is to cut your own spacer blocks (Can be from anything, Wood or Plastic) and once the first slat has been screwed in place the spacers will be used to separate the slats from one to the next, at your own custom spacings.


## Note:

It is important to maintain both parallel and level within each bay. This will ensure a straight looking fence.
This can be achieved by using a tape measure to check for the 'parallel' with either the top of the channel or your starting point.

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## Cover clip installation

## Step 6 | Insert channel cover clip and channel caps

Once all your slats have been assembled you can now install the "Cover Clip"to the channel to hide all visible fixings.
Make sure the cover clip is the same length as your "Slat Channel" then you are ready to go.
The easiest way to do this is to use either a rubber mallet or the rubber handle of your hammer. Insert one edge of the cover clip into the channel then with the rubber mallet/hammer handle from either the top or bottom, Tap the other edge firmly, this will clip it into place. Work your way to the other end until it is all secured in place.

Once all the slats have been installed, we have an optional cap to cover the profile of the slat channel. These consist of a left and right hand cap.

Caps are just inserted onto the top of the channel.

## Important:

It is important that the object you use to tap the cover clip in with won't damage the powder coating.

Do not use the metal part of your hammer, this will cause scratches or dents.


Left \& right channel caps

- Channel cover clip



## Vertical conversion guide

How to convert the orientation of your SleekWall Slat fence.

## Important:

Please read this thoroughly before commencing with installation.

## Cutting of components prior to install - this will need to be done on-site with a drop saw

The maximum panel height is 1755 mm .
All vertical slats will need to be cut to achieve your desired fence height.
This is based on your vertical channel minus bottom horizontal slat of 100 mm minus top/bottom channel (allow 20 mm ).
Note: This is critical to avoid any excess cutting
See table below as an example for 1755 mm high panel.
Slat length + Bottom slat + Top/bottom channels = Panel Height
$1630 \mathrm{~mm}+100 \mathrm{~mm}+$ allow $20 \mathrm{~mm}+$ e.g 1755 mm
The bottom slat length is determined by post-to-post measurement minus 20 mm for vertical channels. e.g., the final measurement of the bottom slat will be 1755 mm for a 1775 mm panel width.

Trim the bottom channel to the total length of the exposed slat between posts.

Fitting bottom slat
Depending on the total width of the bay, the maximum post width face to face is 1775 mm with 18 mm spacers between slats (please note you will need to cut bottom horizontal slats to suit)

Once posts are installed, and vertical channels are fixed off, the additional horizontal slat wil need to be cut to suit and screw fixed on either end. Trim channel to the total length of the exposed slat between posts. Screw fix this to the top of the slat, this will become the base of the vertical slats.

Fitting vertical slats
Starting from one side, fix one slat against one side and work across using the 18 mm spacers provided.

Tip: use a strap or similar close to the top of the post to secure the slats prior to fitting the top cap

Fitting top cap
After fitting all the slats, place the top cap across and screw fit to secure the fence

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## Frequently asked questions

## What is the best method to cut aluminium?

For the best results, use a drop saw with an aluminium cutting blade. This will create a clean, square cut. A grinder is acceptable, provided you use a thin metal cutting blade to reduce the risk of burning the powdercoat.

## Can this be installed in coastal areas?

Yes, we have a 5 year warranty on our products. If you are in a coastal zone then an increase of cleaning and maintenance will be required. We do not recommend the product to be in direct contact with salt water.

## What do I do if I have hard water?

Regular cleaning of your fence will be required to help prevent water spots from appearing. Hard water is corrosive to the powder coating, therefore neglect will cause deterioration to your fence.

## Can this be used for a balustrade?

No, currently, this has not been tested for balustrade purposes.

## How do I set up my posts around angles?

You will need two posts for this. The channel system is required to be square to the posts and slats. This can only be done with two posts side by side.

## How does the centre support work?

The centre support channel is used on 2400 mm wide slats/panels to provide extra rigidity, the extra slat is screwed to the channel to tie them together.


## Can I change the spacing of my slats?

Yes, generally we work to a standard 18mm gap between slats. Depending on the level of privacy you require, you can either close or open the gap to meet your preferred gap size.

Can this product be used as a balustrade over 1 m high?

No, as we do not have PS1 F4 Building Documentation available for this product.


[^0]:    Important:
    We do not recommend the slats are to be fitted with less than 5 mm gaps between each slat.
    This may cause capillary action and cause corrosion to the slat system.

